APPENDIX

The Federal Denture Act, "An Act to protect the public health by the prevention of certain practices leading to dental disorders; and to prevent the circumvention of certain State or Territorial laws regulating the practice of dentistry," approved December 24, 1942, c. 823, 56 Stat. 1087; 18 U. S. C., Supp. IV, 420f, 420g, and 420h, provides:

> SEC. 1. That it shall be unlawful, in the course of the conduct of a business of constructing or supplying dentures from casts or impressions sent through the mails or in interstate commerce, to use the mails or any instrumentality of interstate commerce for the purpose of sending or bringing into any State or Territory the laws of which prohibit—
>
> (1) the taking of impressions or casts of the human mouth or teeth by a person not licensed under the laws of such State or Territory to practice dentistry;
>
> (2) the construction or supply of dentures by a person other than, or without the authorization or prescription of, a person licensed under the laws of such State or Territory to practice dentistry; or,
>
> (3) the construction or supply of dentures from impressions or casts made by a person not licensed under the laws of such State or Territory to practice dentistry, any denture constructed from any cast or impression made by any person other than, or without the authorization or prescription of, a person licensed under the laws of the State or Territory into which such

denture is sent or brought to practice dentistry.

SEC. 2. As used in this Act, the term—

(1) "Denture" means a set of artificial teeth, or any prosthetic dental appliance;

(2) "Territory" means any Territory or possession of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the Canal Zone.

(3) "Interstate commerce" means (1) commerce between any State or Territory and any place outside thereof, and (2) commerce within the District of Columbia or within any other Territory not organized with a legislative body.

SEC. 3. Any violation of any provision of this Act shall be punished by a fine of not more than $1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

The laws of Indiana regulating the practice of dentistry (Sections 63–501 et seq., Burns, Indiana Statutes, 1933) provide, in part:

SEC. 63–501. It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to practice dentistry in Indiana who has not first obtained a license so to do as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 63–522. Any person shall be said to be practicing dentistry within the meaning of this act who * * * makes impressions or casts of any oral tissues or structures for the purpose of diagnosis or treatment thereof or for the construction, repair, reproduction or duplication of any prosthetic device to alleviate or cure any oral lesion or replace any lost oral structure, tissue, or teeth; or engages in practices included in the curricula of recognized dental colleges; or directly or indirectly by any means or methods furnishes, supplies, constructs, re-

> produces, repairs, or adjusts any prosthetic denture, bridge, appliance, or any other structure to be worn in the human mouth and delivers the same to any person other than the duly licensed dentist upon whose prescription or order the work was performed; * * *

Section 152.02 of the Wisconsin Statutes, 1943, provides:

> SEC. 152.02 (1). One who was engaged in the lawful practice of dentistry in this state on January 1, 1939, may continue if he has annually registered. No other person shall practice dentistry in this state, unless he is licensed and annually registered in the state of Wisconsin. Any person shall be said to be practicing dentistry within the meaning of this chapter who * * * except on written prescription of a licensed dentist, and by use of impressions taken by a duly licensed and practicing dentist, shall directly or indirectly by mail, carrier, person or any other method furnish, supply, construct, reproduce or repair prosthetic dentures, bridges, appliances or other structures to be used or worn as substitutes for natural human teeth; * * * or who engages in any of the practices included in the curricula of recognized dental schools or colleges. * * *

The pertinent provisions of the Michigan Statutes (annotated, 1944 Supp.) are:

> SEC. 14.629(4) Except as herein otherwise provided, it shall be unlawful for any person to practice or engage in the practice of dentistry or dental surgery in any of its branches, other than:
>
> 1. Those who are duly registered and licensed dentists in this state under the pro-

visions of either Act No. 235 of the Public Acts of 1933, or the laws of this state in force at the time of their license and registration; and

2. Those duly licensed and registered under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 14.629(12) A person practices dentistry, within the meaning of this act, when it shall be shown:

* * * * *

8. That he takes impressions of the human tooth, teeth, jaws, or performs any phase of any operation incident to the replacement of a part of a tooth, teeth or associated tissues; or

* * * * *

10. That he performs any operation included in the curricula of recognized dental schools or colleges.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1948